

Evaluation of the virucidal activity according to the NF EN 14476 + A2: 2019 standard

Product⁽¹⁾ : Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage N°2: Textile de type couleur).

Tested virus : *Human Coronavirus 229 E, (HCOV-229E)*

Test temperature : 10°C

Batch⁽¹⁾ : /

On request of⁽¹⁾ :

GACHES CHIMIE SPECIALITES
ACTIVITE ENTRETIEN TEXTILE
2 BIS CHEMIN DE LA SCIERIE
FR 64800 OS MARSILLON

Loos, the 24/02/2021

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Lab manager



The test report includes : **9** pages

I. PRINCIPLE

The virucidal activity was determined according to the protocol of the NF EN 14476+A2 standard: "Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics - Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of virucidal activity in the medical area – Test method and requirements (phase 2, step 1)." - July 2019.

II. IDENTIFICATION OF SAMPLE

Name(s): **Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage N°2: Textile de type couleur).**

Machine OTEK

Garosive deter – Batch: 200080001 – Manufacture date : 24/02/2020 – Expiry date : /

Garobust – Batch : 200101601 – Manufacture date : 05/03/2020 – Expiry date : /

Peracid forte – Batch : 200015501 – Manufacture date : 15/01/2020 – Expiry date : /

| Type d'adjonction de produit lessiviel | Dosage gr de produit par kilo de linge lavé * 1kg de linge = 4 litres d'eau par pas de lavage |
|--|--|
| GAROSIVE DETER | Essai 1: 0,1 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| Détergent enzymatique pour process ozone | Essai 2: 4 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| | Essai 3: 5 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| GARO BOOST | Essai 1: 0,1 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| Renforceur alcalin séquestrant concentré | Essai 2: 4 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| pour process ozone | Essai 3: 5 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| PERACID FORTE | Essai 1: 0,1 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| agent de blanchiment et désinfectant concentré | Essai 2: 3 gr / kilo de linge lavé |
| | Essai 3: 6 gr / kilo de linge lavé |

(Mix of products made by the MIDAC Laboratory with the addition of products in the vertical direction from top to bottom)

Society: **GACHES CHIMIE SPECIALITES**

Received at the laboratory: **17 June 2020**

Storage conditions at the laboratory: **Room temperature, in the darkness.**

Appearance of the product: **Garosive deter is green liquid and others products are colorless liquid.**

Product diluent recommended by the manufacturer: **Undiluted.**

III. EXPERIMENTAL CONDITIONS

Period of analysis : **20 January 2021 to 20 February 2021**

Product test concentrations : **see table(s) on next page(s).**

Virus identification: **Human Coronavirus 229 E, (HCOV-229E) P1**

Cells identification:

Name and source : **HeLa , CCL-2** Number of passages : **29**

Cell culture medium : **MEM 10%SVF, 1% AANE, 1%ATB, 1%L-Glu**

Product diluents used : **Distilled water.**

Appearance product dilutions :

Essay 1 : Colorless homogeneous liquid

Essay 2 : Whitish homogeneous liquid

Essay 3 : Whitish homogeneous liquid

Stability of mixture: **None precipitate observed during the test**

Test temperature : **10°C (± 1°C).**

Contact times : **7 minutes (+/- 10 seconds)**

Interfering substances : **3g/l bovine albumin with 3mL/L sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions)**

Method used for product neutralization : **Microfiltration method** - Columns: **Microspin S-400**

HR

Incubation temperature : **37°C (± 1°C) under 5 % CO₂.**

IV. RESULTS

The calculation of titer reductions is based on the method of Spearman and Kärber.

1. Method validation

Assays were validated by:

- a cytotoxicity control
- a sensitivity control of untreated cells
- a formaldehyde internal standard control
- a product neutralization control

a) Product cytotoxicity

| | Product cytotoxicity (log _{DICT50}) |
|---|---|
| Dilution method | 2.50E+00 |
| Filtration on Microspin™ S-400 HR columns | 1.50E+00 |

Comment: after dilution according to the standard protocol, the cytotoxicity of the product is **2.50E+00** log_{DICT50}. The filtration on Microspin™ S-400 HR columns leads to the reduction of the toxicity at **1.50E+00** log_{DICT50}.

b) Cells sensitivity

| | Sensitivity (log _{DICT50}) |
|--------------------------|--|
| Treated cells A | 6.88E+00 |
| Untreated cells B | 6.75E+00 |

Comment: The difference between the virus titer of treated cells (**A**) and untreated cells (**B**) must be less than 1 log.

c) Formaldehyde internal standard control

| Product | Test concentration | Interfering substance | Viral titer in the test (log _{DICT50}) | Reduction (log _{DICT50}) |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Formaldehyde – 30 min | 0.7% (v/v) | PBS | 1.75E+00 | 8.80E-01 |
| Formaldehyde - 60 min | 0.7% (v/v) | PBS | 1.13E+00 | 1.13E+00 |
| Viral control formaldehyde | n.a | PBS | 2.63E+00 | |

Comment: The difference between the titer of the viral control, expressed as a logarithm, and the titer of the virus in the formaldehyde internal standard control is **8.80E-01** log_{DICT50} after 30min and **1.13E+00** log_{DICT50} after 60min.

d) Neutralization control

| Product | Test concentration | Interfering substance | Viral titer in the test (log _{DICT50}) | Reduction (log _{DICT50}) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Neutralization of the product | Essay 3 | 3g/l bovine albumin with 3mL/L sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions). | 4.88E+00 | 3.70E-01 |
| Neutralization control | n.a | | 5.25E+00 | |

Comment: Checking the efficiency of the neutralization of product activity, the difference of titer with the test suspension must be $\leq 0.5\log$.

2. Test results: Evaluation of virucidal activity

| Product | Test concentration | Interfering substance | Viral titer in the test (log _{DICT50}) | Reduction (log _{DICT50}) |
|---|--------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage n°2: Textile de type couleur souillé) | Essay 1 | 3g/l bovine albumin with 3mL/L sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions). | 5.75E+00 | 1.30E-01 |
| | Essay 2 | | 1.50E+00 | 4.38E+00 |
| | Essay 3 | | 1.50E+00 | 4.38E+00 |
| Viral control T0 | 5.88E+00 | | | |
| Viral control Tmax | 5.88E+00 | | | |

Comment: At least one concentration per test must show a reduction of 4log or more, and at least one concentration must show a log reduction of less than 4.

V. CONCLUSION

According to **NF EN 14476+A2 : 2019 standard**, The product

Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage n°2: Textile de type couleur souillé)⁽¹⁾.
batch⁽¹⁾ :

possesses a virucidal activity tested at Essay 2 after 7 minutes (+/- 10 seconds) at 10°C (± 1°C) with 3g/l bovine albumin with 3mL/L sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions) against Human Coronavirus 229 E, (HCOV-229E)

VI. REMARKS

The COFRAC accreditation attests laboratories are competent for the only tests covered by the program.

Copy of this test report is authorized only in its entirety.

This report concerns only the tested product.

(1) Data provided by the customer.

Laboratoire MIDAC assumes no responsibility for the information provided by the customer

VII. REVISION

| Date | Revision description | Version |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| n.a | n.a | n.a |

Annex 1 : Raw Data

Product⁽¹⁾ : Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage n°2: Textile de type couleur souillé)⁽¹⁾ .

Batch⁽¹⁾ : /

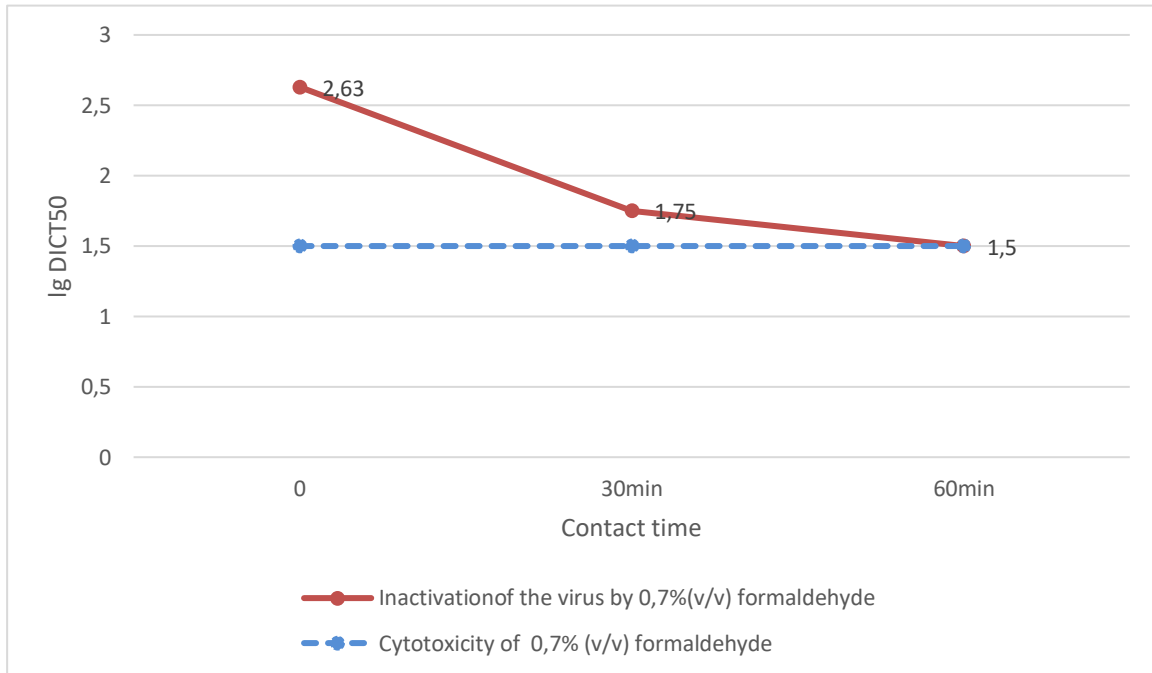
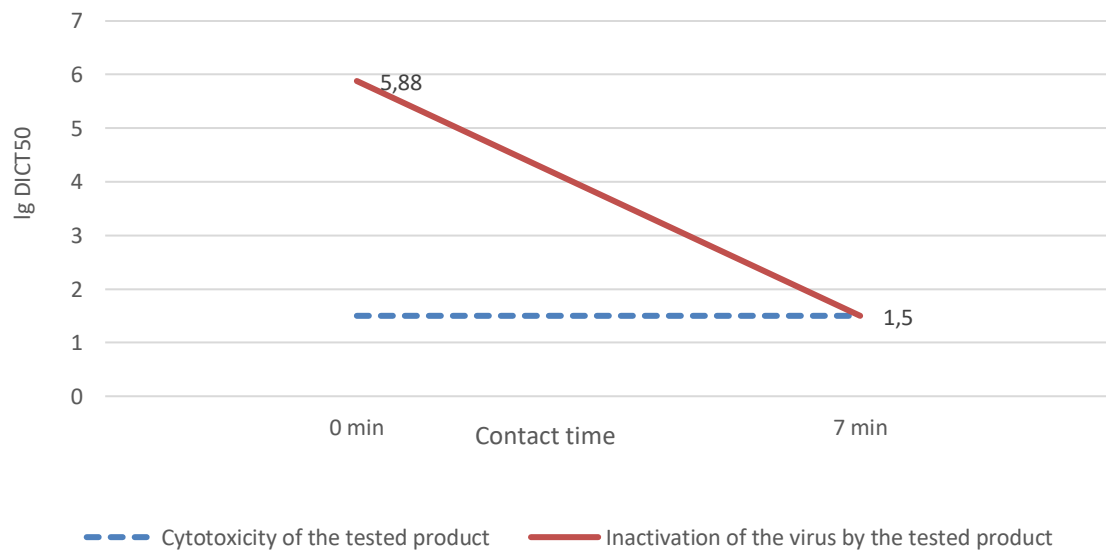
| Product | Concentration | Interfering substance | Contact Time | 10 ⁻¹ | 10 ⁻² | 10 ⁻³ | 10 ⁻⁴ | 10 ⁻⁵ | 10 ⁻⁶ | 10 ⁻⁷ | 10 ⁻⁸ |
|--|---------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage n°2: Textile de type couleur souillé) ⁽¹⁾ . Cytotoxicity | Essay 3 | 3g/l bovine albumin with 3mL/L sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions) | n.a | TTTT TTTT | TTTT TTTT | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage n°2: Textile de type couleur souillé) ⁽¹⁾ . Cytotoxicity after Microspin | Essay 3 | | n.a | TTTT TTTT | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Sensitivity of treated cells | Essay 3 | | 60min | 3333 3333 | 2222 2222 | 2222 2222 | 1111 1111 | 1111 1111 | 1111 1111 | 1001 1000 | 0000 0000 |
| Sensitivity of untreated cells | n.a | PBS | 60min | 3333 3333 | 3333 3333 | 2222 2222 | 1111 1111 | 1111 1111 | 1111 1111 | 0000 1100 | 0000 0000 |
| Formaldehyde 30min | 0,7 % (v/v) | | 30min | 4444 4444 | 0100 0010 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Formaldehyde 60min | 0,7 % (v/v) | | 60min | 4444 4444 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Formaldehyde control | n.a | | 60min | 4231 1234 | 4221 0122 | 4000 0003 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Formaldehyde Cytotoxicity | 0.7%(v/v) | | n.a | TTTT TTTT | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Viral control | n.a | | 0 | 2222 2222 | 1111 1112 | 2111 1111 | 1111 1112 | 1010 1111 | 0101 0100 | 0000 0011 | 0000 0000 |
| Viral control | n.a | | 7 minutes (+/- 10 seconds) | 3333 3333 | 2222 2222 | 1111 1111 | 1111 1011 | 1111 0111 | 1000 1101 | 0010 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Global cold washing process, ozone OTEK generator with the addition of dedicated detergents (Lavage n°2: Textile de type couleur souillé) ⁽¹⁾ . | Essay 1 | 3g/l bovine albumin with 3mL/L sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions) | 7 minutes (+/- 10 seconds) | 3333 3333 | 2222 2222 | 1111 1111 | 2111 1011 | 1101 0111 | 0011 1011 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| | Essay 2 | | | 4444 4444 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| | Essay 3 | | | 4444 4444 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 |
| Inactivation | Essay 3 | 30min | 4441 1224 | 4432 2224 | 4222 2124 | 3311 1003 | 2100 0033 | 0100 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | |
| Inactivation control | n.a | | 4222 4444 | 1112 2222 | 1122 2222 | 1211 1122 | 1010 0111 | 0010 0000 | 0000 0000 | 0000 0000 | |

1 to 4 Presence of virus. 1 = 25% CPE and 4 = 100% CPE

0 Absence of virus

T Toxic

n.a non-applicable

Annex 2: Graphic presentation of the test results**a) Reference inactivation of the virus by 0.7% (v/v) formaldehyde****b) Evaluation of virucidal activity of the product**

Annex 3: Methodology verification

A test is only valid if the following criteria are fulfilled:

a/ Test virus suspension has at least a concentration which allows the determination of a 4 log₁₀ reduction of the virus titer.

b/ The difference between the titer of the viral control, expressed as a logarithm, and the titer of the virus in the inactivation reference test is

between -0,5 and -2,5 after 30min and between -2 and -4,5 after 60min for poliovirus,

between -3 and -5 after 30min and -3,5 and 5,5 after 60min for adenovirus,

between 0.0 and -2 after 30min and -0.5 and 2,5 after 60min for parvovirus,

between -0.75 and -3,5 after 5min and between -2,0 and \geq -4 after 15min for vaccina virus,

between -1 and -3 after 30min and between -2,0 and -4,0 after 60min for murine norovirus

c/ Cytotoxicity of the product does not affect cell morphology and growth or susceptibility for the test virus in the dilutions of the test mixtures which are necessary to demonstrate a 4log reduction of the virus.

d/ Comparative titration of the virus on the treated cell cultures with dilutions of the test mixture and in parallel with PBS results in a difference <1 lg of the viral titer.

e/ When checking the efficiency of the neutralization of product activity, the difference of titer with the test suspension must be ≤ 0.5 log.

f/ At least one concentration per test must show a reduction of 4log or more, and at least one concentration must show a log reduction of less than 4.